## Cyclic Aliphatic Bromides Cluster (HBCD) (CASRN: 25637- 99- 4; 3194- 55- 6; 3194- 57- 8)

Systematic Review Supplemental File for the TSCA Risk Evaluation:

Updates to the Data Quality Criteria for Epidemiological Studies

EPA's Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT) developed data quality criteria for epidemiological studies. The first version of the criteria was documented in the [ HYPERLINK "https://www.epa.gov/assessing-and-managing-chemicals-under-tsca/application-systematic-review-tsca-risk-evaluations" ] document (EPA Document#740-P1-8001). The initial criteria were updated after considering EPA/OPPT's practical experience and comments from the public. This systematic review supplemental document describes the updated data quality criteria that EPA/OPPT intends to apply for the TSCA risk evaluations.

## **Evaluation Criteria for Epidemiological Studies: General**

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
20.11 (32011)	Domain 1, Study Participation
Metric 1. Parti	icipant selection (selection, performance biases)
Instructions: criteria for c	To meet criteria for confidence ratings for metrics where 'AND' is included, studies must address both concenfidence ratings for metrics where 'OR' is included studies must address at least one of the conditions stip
High (score = 1)	• <u>For all study types:</u> All key elements of the study design are reported (e.g., setting, participation rate describ exclusion criteria, and methods of participant selection or case ascertainment)  AND
	The reported information indicates that selection in or out of the study (or analysis sample) and fparticipation exposure-outcome distribution of the participants is likely representative of the exposure-outcome distribution for inclusion in the study.)
Medium (score = 2)	• <i>For all study types:</i> Some key elements of the study design were not present but available information indicate exposure-outcome distribution of the participants is likely representative of the exposure-outcome distribution inclusion in the study.)
Low (score = 3)	• For all study types: Key elements of the study design and information on the population (e.g., setting, partic study, inclusion and exclusion criteria, and methods of participant selection or case ascertainment) are not reparticle. ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>Von Elm</author><year>2008</year><recnum>111126</recnum><idtext>4263036</idtext><displaytext>2008)</displaytext><record><rec-number>111126</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2" timestamp="1521205718">111126</key></foreign-keys><ref-type name="Journal Article">17</ref-type> Elm, E.<author>Altman, D. G.</author><author>Egger, M.</author><author>Pocock, S. J.</author><author>Vandenbroucke, J. P.</author><titile>The Strengthen Studies in Epidemiology (STROBE) statement: guidelines for reporting observational studiesStudies in Epidemiology <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> for reporting observational studies Studies <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> for reporting observational studies Studies <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> for reporting observational studies Studies <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> Statement: guidelines <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Gtatement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Statement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Gtatement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Gtatement: guidelines</a> <a href="Statement: guidelines">(Gtatement: guidelines<!--</td--></a></titile></record></cite></endnote>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	<b>For all study types:</b> The reported information indicates that selection in or out of the study (or analysis sample) significantly biased (i.e., the exposure-outcome distribution of the participants is likely not representative of the population of persons eligible for inclusion in the study.)
Not	Do not select for this metric.
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]
Metric 2, Attrit	ion (missing data/attrition/exclusion, reporting biases)

Confidence	
Level (Score)	Description
High (score = 1)	• For cohort studies: There was minimal subject loss to follow up during the study (or exclusion from the ana data were largely complete.
	• Any loss of subjects (i.e., incomplete outcome data) or missing exposure and outcome data were adequately* reasons were documented when human subjects were removed from a study [ ADDIN EN.CITE <pre></pre>
	AND
	Missing data have been imputed using appropriate methods (e.g., multiple imputation methods), and characte with unavailable records are not significantly different from those of the study participants [ADDIN EN.CIT <a href="mailto:KendNote">KendNote</a> <a href="mailto:KendNote">KendNote<a href="mailto:KendNote&lt;a href=" mailto:kendnote"="">KendNote</a></a>

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
	2015a) 2015a) DisplayText> <record><rec-number>111085</rec-number> foreign-keys&gt;<key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key><rectype><contributors><author>NTP,</author></contributors><title>&lt;title&gt;Handbook for assessment using OHAT approach for systematic review and evidence integration</title><yee and="" dept.="" health="" human="" national="" of="" program<="" publisher="" services,="" toxicology=""><label>2823411</label><urbox>urls&gt;<urbox>url&gt;http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/pubhealth/hat/noms/index-2.html/url&gt; /urls&gt;<language>Fdate&gt;National Toxicology Program</language></urbox></urbox></yee></rectype></record> ].
Low	For cohort studies: The loss of subjects (e.g., loss to follow up, incomplete outcome or exposure data) was mod
(score = 3)	described below in the unacceptable confidence category) (Source: OHAT).  OR  Numbers of individuals were not reported at important stages of study (e.g., numbers of eligible participants is completing follow-up, and analyzed). Reasons were not provided for non-participation at each stage [ADDIN <a href="#endNote">EndNote</a> Cite Author Von Elm (Author Year 2008 (Year RecNum>111126 (RecNum>IDText Elm et al., 2008) (DisplayText> <a href="#eneNote">Ferenumber</a> 111126 (rec-number> <a href="ferenumber">Foreign-keys<a href="ferenumber">Foreign-keys<a< td=""></a<></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a>
	the unacceptable confidence category).  OR
	<ul> <li>Numbers of individuals were not reported at important stages of study (e.g., numbers of eligible participants completing follow-up, and analyzed). Reasons were not provided for non-participation at each stage [ ADDII <a href="mailto:kendNote">kendNote</a></li> <li>Cite</li> <li>Author</li> <li>Von Elm</li> <li>Author</li> <li>Year</li> <li>2008</li> <li>Year</li> <li>RecNum</li> <li>11126</li> <li>RecNum</li> <li>1126</li> <li>RecNum</li> <li>1126</li> <li>Rec</li></ul>
	<pre><electronic-resource-num>10.1016/j.jclinepi.2007.11.008</electronic-resource-num></pre>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	<ul> <li>For cohort studies: There was large subject attrition during the study (or exclusion from the analysis sample) OR</li> <li>Unacceptable handling of subject attrition: reason for missing outcome data likely to be related to true outcome reasons for missing data across study groups; or potentially inappropriate application of imputation (Source:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>For case-control and cross-sectional studies: There was large subject withdrawal from the study (or exclusion OR)</li> <li>Unacceptable handling of subject attrition: reason for missing outcome data likely to be related to true outcome.</li> </ul>
	reasons for missing data across study groups; or potentially inappropriate application of imputation.

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
Not rated/applicable	Do not select for this metric.
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high
comments	elements such as relevance]
	arison Group (selection, performance biases)
High (score = 1)	<ul> <li>For ALL study types: Any differences in baseline characteristics of groups were considered as potential con were thereby controlled by statistical analysis (Source: OHAT).          OR             For cohort and cross-sectional studies: Key elements of the study design are reported (i.e., setting, inclusion participant selection), and indicate that subjects were similar (e.g., recruited from the same eligible population and within the same time frame using the same inclusion and exclusion criteria, and were of similar age and <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year></cite></endnote></li> </ul>
	2015a) 2015a) DisplayText> <record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><rttype><contributors><author>NTP,</author></contributors><titles><title>Handbook fc assessment using OHAT approach for systematic review and evidence integration</title><ye and="" dept.="" health="" human="" national="" of="" program<="" publisher="" services,="" toxicology=""><label>2823411</label><urboxed-label> <li>urls&gt;<urboxed-label></urboxed-label></li> <li>http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/pubhealth/hat/noms/index-2.html /record&gt;].</li></urboxed-label></ye></titles></rttype></record>
	• For case-control studies: Key elements of the study design are reported indicate that that cases and controls same eligible population with the number of controls described, and eligibility criteria and are recruited with EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year><recnum>111085</recnum><idtext>28 2015a)<record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><r type=""><contributors><author>NTP,</author></contributors><title></title>Handbook for assessment using OHAT approach for systematic review and evidence integration<ur>Jept. of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology ProgramProgramJublisher&gt;Label&gt;<ur>Jurls&gt;<ur>Little&gt;Jurls&gt;<ur>Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;Little&gt;</ur></ur></ur></ur></r></record></idtext></cite></endnote>
	• For studies reporting Standardized Mortality Ratios (SMRs) or Standardized Incidence Ratios (SIRs): Age applicable) adjustment or stratification is described and choice of reference population (e.g., general population)
Medium (score = 2)	• For cohort studies and cross-sectional studies: There is only indirect evidence (e.g., stated by the authors with that groups are similar (as described above for the high confidence rating).
	• <i>For case-control studies</i> : There is indirect evidence (i.e., stated by the authors without providing a description similar (as described above for the high confidence rating).
	• For studies reporting SMRs or SIRs: Age, sex (if applicable), and race (if applicable) adjustment or stratific text, but results tables are stratified by age and/or sex (i.e., indirect evidence); choice of reference population
Low (score = 3)	<ul> <li>For cohort and cross-sectional studies: There is indirect evidence (i.e., stated by the authors without providing were not similar (as described above for the high confidence rating).</li> <li>AND</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Control for differences in exposure groups is not adequately controlled for in the statistical analysis.</li> <li>For case-control studies: There is indirect evidence (i.e., stated by the authors without providing a description were not similar (as described above for the high confidence rating).</li> </ul>
	AND

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
	The characteristics of cases and controls are not reported (Source: [ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year><recnum>11085</recnum>IDText&gt;28 2015a)<record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><rectype><contributors><author>NTP,</author> **Control for differences in the case and control groups is not adequately controlled for in the statistical analys and evidence integration  **Control for differences in the case and</contributors></rectype></record></cite></endnote>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	For cohort studies: Subjects in all exposure groups were not similar OR  OR
	• Information was not reported to determine if participants in all exposure groups were similar [STROBE Check
	Subjects in the exposure groups had very different participation/response rates [ ADDIN EN.CITE
	For case-control studies: Controls were drawn from a very dissimilar population than cases or recruited with EN.CITE

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
	urls> <url>http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/pubhealth/hat/noms/index-2.html</url> <language>ldate&gt;National Toxicology Program].  AND  • Potential differences in the case and control groups were not controlled for in the statistical analysis.</language>
	• Rationale and/or methods for case and control selection, matching criteria including number of controls per c [STROBE Checklist 6 [ ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>Von Elm</author><year>2008</year><recnum>111126</recnum><idtext>4263036</idtext><displayte 2008)<="" displaytext=""><record><rec-number>111126</rec-number><foreign-keys><key 1521205718"="" app="EN" db-id="t/t timestamp=">111126</key></foreign-keys><ref-type name="Journal Article">17</ref-type>&lt; Elm, E.<author>Altman, D. G.</author><author>Egger, M.</author><author>Pocock, S. J.</author><author>Vandenbroucke, J. P.</author><titles><title>The Strengthen Studies in Epidemiology (STROBE) statement: guidelines for reporting observational studies&lt;/ti&gt;&lt;li&gt;Epidemiology&lt;/secondary-title&gt;&lt;alt-title&gt;J Clin Epidemiol&lt;/alt+title&gt;&lt;short-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiol periodical&gt;&lt;full-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiology&lt;/full-title&gt;&lt;abbr-1&gt;J Clin Epidemiol&lt;/a&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;full-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiology&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;full-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiology&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&gt;&lt;li&gt;Periodical&lt;/li&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Potential differences in exposure groups were not controlled for in the statistical analysis.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;OR&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Sources and methods of selection of participants in all exposure groups were not reported [STROBE Checklidendown of the statistical analysis]&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;EndNote&gt;Cite&gt;Author&gt;Von Elm&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;Year&gt;2008&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Year&gt;RecNum&gt;111126&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;RecNum&gt;IDTex Elm et al., 2008&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;DisplayText&gt;record&gt;rec-number&gt;111126&lt;/rec-number&gt;foreign-keys&gt;key app="ENid="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521205718"&gt;111126&lt;/key&gt;/foreign-keys&gt;rtype&gt;contributors&gt;author&gt;Von Elm, E.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;Altman, D. G.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;author&gt;Egg J.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;author&gt;Gøtzsche, P. C.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;Vandenbroucke, J. P.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&gt;&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Author&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Not&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;For studies reporting SMRs or SIRs: Lack of adjustment or stratification for both age and sex (if applicable general population) is not reported.&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Do not select for this metric.&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;rated/applicable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;- Do not select for this incure.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title></titles></record></displayte></cite></endnote>

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highlig
comments	such as relevance]
	Domain 2. Exposure Characterization
	rement of Exposure (Detection/measurement/information, performance biases)
High (score = 1)	• For all study types: Exposure was consistently assessed (i.e., using the same method and sampling time-fram personal and/or industrial hygiene data used to determine levels of exposure, a frequently used biomarker of (e.g., measurement of the chemical in the environment (air, drinking water, consumer product, etc.) or measur biological matrix such as blood, plasma, urine, etc.) (NTP, 2015a).  OR
	• For an occupational population, contains detailed employment records which allows for construction of a job exposure (i.e., cumulative or peak exposures, and time since first exposure).
Medium (score = 2)	<ul> <li>For all study types: Exposure was directly measured and assessed using a method that is not well-established exposure), but is validated against a well-established method and demonstrated a high agreement between th OR</li> <li>For an occupational study population, contains detailed employment records for only a portion of participant' later years), such that extrapolation of the missing years is required.</li> </ul>
Low (score = 3)	<ul> <li>For all study types: A less-established method (e.g., newly developed biomarker of exposure) was used and a against well-established methods, but there was little to no evidence that the method had poor validity and litt misclassification (e.g., differential recall of self-reported exposure) (Source: OHAT).</li> <li>OR</li> <li>For an occupational study population, exposure was estimated solely using professional judgement.</li> </ul>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	<ul> <li>For all study types: Methods used to quantify the exposure were not well defined, and sources of data and dowere not reported [STROBE Checklist 7 and 8</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Exposure was assessed using methods known or suspected to have poor validity (Source: OHAT).</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
Not	<ul> <li>There is evidence of substantial exposure misclassification that would significantly bias the results.</li> <li>Do not select for this metric.</li> </ul>
rated/applicable	50 Hot select for this interior.
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highligh
comments	such as relevance]
Metric 5. Expos	ure levels (Detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	Do not select for this metric.
Medium (score = 2)	<ul> <li>For all study types: The range and distribution of exposure is sufficient or adequate to develop an exposure-r 3121908).</li> <li>AND</li> </ul>
I	• Reports 3 or more levels of exposure (referent group + 2 or more) or an exposure-response model using a cor
Low (score = 3)	<ul> <li>For all study types: The range of exposure in the population is limited OR</li> <li>Reports 2 levels of exposure (e.g., exposed/unexposed)) (Cooper) (Source: IRIS).</li> </ul>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	• For all study types: The range and distribution of exposure are not adequate to determine an exposure-respondend of the various of the vari

Confidence	Description
Level (Score)	
	6750 <accession-num>HERO ID: 3121908</accession-num> <label>3121908</label> <urls><related-urls><url>http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2016.03.017</url></related-urls></urls> <electronic-resource-num>10.1016/j.envint.2016.03.017</electronic-resource-num> <language>English</language> OR No description is provided as the levels or resource of the resource.
Not	<ul> <li>No description is provided on the levels or range of exposure.</li> <li>Do not select for this metric.</li> </ul>
rated/applicable	• Do not select for this metric.
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highlig
comments	such as relevance]
	prality (Detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	• For all study types: The study presents an appropriate temporality between exposure and outcome (i.e. the e AND
	• The interval between the exposure (or reconstructed exposure) and the outcome has an appropriate consideral (Lakind et al., 2014).
Medium (score = 2)	• For all study types: Temporality is established, but it is unclear whether exposures fall within relevant exposition (Lakind et al., 2014).
Low (score = 3)	For all study types: The temporality of exposure and outcome is uncertain
Unacceptable (score = 4)	<ul> <li>For all study types: Study lacks an established time order, such that exposure is not likely to have occurred y <endnote>Cite&gt;Author&gt;Lakind</endnote></li> <li>Author&gt;Cyear&gt;2014</li> <li>Year&gt;RecNum&gt;111083</li> <li>RecNum&gt;1DText&gt; et al., 2014)</li> <li>DisplayText&gt;record&gt;rec-number&gt;111083</li> <li>// Ferenumber&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;111083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;111083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;111083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;211083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;233</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;11083</li> <li>// RecNum&gt;233</li> <li>// Author&gt;2400</li> <li>// Author&gt;2400</li> <li>// Author&gt;2400</li> <li>// Author&gt;3400</li> <li>// Author&gt;340</li></ul>
	349 <volume>61</volume> <number>4</number> <dates><year>2008</year></dates> <isbn>ISSN 4356</isbn> <label>4263036</label> <urls><related-urls><url>https://hero.epa.gov/heronet/index.cfm/reference/download/reference_id/4263036</url><pre> <pre></pre></pre> <pre></pre></related-urls></urls>
Not	• Do not select for this metric.
	20 Mar defeat for this metric.

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highlig.
comments	such as relevance]
	Domain 3. Outcome Assessment
	me measurement or characterization (detection/measurement/information, performance, reporting biases)
High (score = 1)	• For cohort studies: The outcome was assessed using well-established methods (e.g., the "gold standard").
	For case-control studies: The outcome was assessed in cases (i.e., case definition) and controls using well-established been followed for the same length of time in all study groups (NTP, 2015a).
	• For cross-sectional studies: There is direct evidence that the outcome was assessed using well-established m
	*Note: Acceptable assessment methods will depend on the outcome, but examples of such methods may in diagnostic methods, measured by trained interviewers, obtained from registries (NTP, 2015a; Shamliy
Medium (score = 2)	• For all study types: A less-established method was used and no method validation was conducted against well to no evidence that that the method had poor validity and little to no evidence of outcome misclassification (e exposure status).
Low (score = 3)	• For cohort studies: The outcome assessment method is an insensitive instrument or measure.  OR
	The length of follow up differed by study group (NTP, 2015a).
	• For case-control studies: The outcome was assessed in cases (i.e., case definition) using an insensitive instru
	• For cross-sectional studies: The outcome assessment method is an insensitive instrument or measure (NTP, 2
	Any self-reported information
Unacceptable (score = 4)	• For all study types: Diagnostic criteria were not defined or reported [STROBE Checklist 15 (Von Elm et al.,
Not rated/applicable	Do not select for this metric
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highligh
comments	such as relevance]
Metric 8. Repor	
High (score = 1)	• For all study types: A description of measured outcomes is reported in the methods, abstract, and/or introduc confidence interval and/or standard errors; number of cases/controls or exposed/unexposed reported for each response analysis or fully tabulated during data extraction and analyses [ ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year><recnum>111085</recnum><idtext>28 2015a)<record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><rectype><contributors><author>NTP,</author></contributors><tititle><tititle>Handbook fo assessment using OHAT approach for systematic review and evidence integration Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program /publisher&gt;2823411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru< p=""> /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru< p=""> /label&gt;<uru>1282411 /label&gt;<uru< p=""> /label /labe</uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru<></uru></uru<></uru></uru<></uru></uru></uru></uru></uru></uru></uru></uru></uru></tititle></tititle></rectype></record></idtext></cite></endnote>
Medium (score = 2)	• For all study types: All of the study's measured outcomes (primary and secondary) outlined in the methods, relevant for the evaluation) are reported, but not in a way that would allow for detailed extraction (e.g., resul accompanying data were not shown).
Low (score = 3)	• For all study types: All of the study's measured outcomes (primary and secondary) outlined in the methods, a relevant for the evaluation) have not been reported.
	*Note: In addition to not reporting outcomes, this would include reporting outcomes based on composite scor components or outcomes reported using measurements, analysis methods, or unplanned analyses were include (NTP, 2015a).
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Do not select for this metric.
Not	Do not select for this metric.

6 61	
Confidence Level (Score)	Description
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highligh
comments	such as relevance]
34	Domain 4. Potential Confounding/Variable Control
	ate Adjustment (confounding)
High (score = 1)	• For all study types: Appropriate adjustments or explicit considerations were made for potential confounders exposures, which are evaluated in metric 11) in the final analyses through the use of statistical models to redu matching, adjustment in multivariate models, stratification, or other methods that were appropriately justified <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year><recnum>111085</recnum>IDText&gt;28 2015a)<record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><rectype><contributors><author>NTP,</author><author><author></author></author></contributors></rectype></record></cite></endnote>
	urls> <url>http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/pubhealth/hat/noms/index-2.html</url> <language>Edate&gt;National Toxicology Program].</language>
	• For Studies reporting SMRs or SIRs: Adjustments are described and results are age-, race-, and sex-adjusted
Medium (score = 2)	<ul> <li>For all study types: There is indirect evidence that appropriate adjustments were made (i.e., considerations w (excluding co-exposures)) without providing a description of methods.</li> <li>OR</li> </ul>
	• The distribution of potential confounders (excluding co-exposures) did not differ significantly between expos
	OR
	<ul> <li>The major potential confounders (excluding co-exposures) were appropriately adjusted (e.g., SMRs, SIRs, et not to appreciably bias the results</li> </ul>
	• For Studies reporting SMRs or SIRs: Indirect evidence that results are age- and sex-adjusted (or stratified) i
Low (score = 3)	• For all study types: There is indirect evidence (i.e., no description is provided in the study) that consideration confounders adjustment in the final analyses [ ADDIN EN.CITE
	<endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015 2015a) /DisplayText&gt; rec-number&gt;111085 /rec-number&gt; foreign-keys&gt; key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493"&gt;111085 /key&gt; foreign-keys&gt; type&gt; contributors&gt; author&gt;NTP, /author&gt; /authors&gt; /contributors&gt; title&gt; title&gt; title&gt; title&gt; title&gt; title&gt; /date&gt; Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program publisher&gt; label&gt;2823411 /label&gt; urls&gt; /urls&gt; /language&gt;F date&gt;National Toxicology Program /modified-date&gt; /record&gt; /Cite&gt; /EndNote&gt;]. AND</year></cite></endnote>
	• The distribution of primary covariates (excluding co-exposures) and potential confounders was not reported by
	cases and controls [ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015</year><recnum>111085</recnum><idtext>28 2015a)<record><rec-number>111085</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key></foreign-keys><rectype><contributors><author>NTP,</author><ti>title&gt;<author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author><author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></author></ti></contributors></rectype></record></idtext></cite></endnote>
	assessment using OHAT approach for systematic review and evidence integration
I Inconstalate	• For Studies reporting SMRs or SIRs: Results are age-, race-, OR sex-adjusted (or stratified) if applicable (i.e.
Unacceptable (score = 4)	<ul> <li>For all study types: The distribution of potential confounders differed significantly between the exposure groand</li> <li>AND</li> <li>Confounding was demonstrated and was not appropriately adjusted for in the final analyses [ADDIN EN.CI]</li> </ul>
	Confounding was demonstrated and was not appropriately adjusted for in the final analyses [ADDIN EN.C.]. EndNote> <cite><author>NTP</author><year>2015 Year&gt;<recnum>111085 RecNum&gt;<idtext>28.</idtext></recnum></year></cite>

6 61	
Confidence Level (Score)	Description
	2015a) 2015a) 2015a) /DisplayText rec-number>111085 foreign-keys> <key app="EN" db-id="t2a0z5v5utrzw3er9abxvzfvwtd99tfvrwwa" timestamp="1521049493">111085</key> foreign-keys> <rettype><contributors><authors><rettype><contributors><authors><authors><authors> /authors&gt; /authors&gt; /contributors&gt;<aitiles><title>Handbook foreign-keys&gt; /entype&gt; /entype&gt;&lt;/td&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Not rated/applicable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Do not select for this metric.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Reviewer's comments&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Metric 10. Cova&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;riate Characterization (measurement/information, confounding biases)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;High (score = 1)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;• &lt;i&gt;For all study types:&lt;/i&gt; Potential confounders (excluding co-exposures; e.g. age, sex, SES, etc.) were assessed us appropriate (e.g., validated questionnaires, biomarker).&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Medium (score = 2)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;For all study types: A less-established method was used to assess confounders (excluding co-exposures) and against well-established methods, but there was little to no evidence that that the method had poor validity an&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Low (score = 3)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;• &lt;u&gt;For all study types:&lt;/u&gt; The confounder (excluding co-exposures) assessment method is an insensitive instrumer validity.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unacceptable (score = 4)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;• For all study types: Confounders were assessed using a method or instrument known to be invalid.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Not rated/applicable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;• For all study types: Covariates were not assessed.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Reviewer's comments&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;opsure Confounding (measurement/information, confounding biases)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;High (score = 1)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Do not select for this metric.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Medium&lt;br&gt;(score = 2)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;For all study types: Any co-exposures to pollutants that are not the target exposure that would likely bias the OR&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;Co-exposures to pollutants were appropriately measured or either directly or indirectly adjusted for.&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Low (score = 3)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;&lt;u&gt;For cohort and cross-sectional studies:&lt;/u&gt; There is direct evidence that there was an unbalanced provision of a study groups, which were not appropriately adjusted for.&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;(Score 3)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;For case-control studies: There is direct evidence that there was an unbalanced provision of additional co-exwere not appropriately adjusted for, and significant indication a biased exposure-outcome association.&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Unacceptable (score = 4)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Do not select for this metric.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Not rated/applicable&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Enter 'NA' and do not score this metric.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Reviewer's comments&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highlight such as relevance]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Domain 5, Analysis&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;Metric 12. Study&lt;br&gt;High&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;Design and Methods     Do not select for this metric.&lt;/th&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;(score = 1)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Do not select for this metric.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;Medium (score = 2)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;     &lt;li&gt;For all study types: The study design chosen was appropriate for the research question (e.g. assess the common chronic diseases over time with cohort studies, assess the association between exposure and ra assess the association between exposure levels and acute disease with a cross-sectional study design).&lt;/li&gt;     &lt;li&gt;AND&lt;/li&gt; &lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;The study uses an appropriate statistical method to address the research question(s) (e.g., repeated meas logistic regression analysis for case-control studies, or mean, median, etc. for descriptive studies)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title></aitiles></authors></authors></authors></contributors></rettype></authors></contributors></rettype>

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
Low (score = 3)	Do not select for this metric.
Unacceptable	• For all study types: The study design chosen was not appropriate for the research question.
(score = 4)	OR
	Inappropriate statistical analyses were applied to assess the research questions.
Not	Do not select for this metric.
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highlight
comments	such as relevance]
	tical power (sensitivity)  Do not select for this metric.
High (score = 1)	Do not select for this metric.
Medium	• For cohort and cross-sectional studies: The number of participants are adequate to detect an effect in the ex
(score = 2)	total population.
(50010 2)	OR
	• The paper reported statistical power is high enough ( $\geq 80\%$ ) to detect an effect in the exposure population and
	• For case-control studies: The number of cases and controls are adequate to detect an effect in the exposed po
	population.
	OR T
	• The paper reported statistical power is high enough ( $\geq 80\%$ ) to detect an effect in the exposure population and
Low	Do not select for this metric.
(score = 3)	
Unacceptable	• For cohort and cross-sectional studies: The number of participants is inadequate to detect an effect in the ex
(score = 4)	total population
	• <u>For case-control studies:</u> The number of cases and controls is inadequate to detect an effect in the exposed p
Not	population
Not rated/applicable	Do not select for this metric.
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may highligh
comments	such as relevance]
l	oducibility of analyses [adapted from [ HYPERLINK "https://hero.epa.gov/index.cfm?action=search
High	Do not select for this metric.
(score = 1)	• Do not select for this metric.
Medium	• For all study types: The description of the analysis is sufficient to understand precisely what has been done:
(score = 2)	access to the analytic data.
Low	• For all study types: The description of the analysis is insufficient to understand what has been done and to b
(score = 3)	analyses are not present (e.g., statistical tests and estimation procedures were not described, variables used in
	transformations of continuous variables (e.g., logarithmic) were not explained, rules for categorization of con
	exclusion of outliers was not elucidated and how missing values are dealt with was not mentioned).
Unacceptable	Do not select for this metric.
(score = 4)	
Not	Do not select for this metric.
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high
comments Matric 15 Static	elements such as relevance]
High	* Do not select for this metric.
(score = 1)	LO HOUSEIGGUE TOT THIS HIGHIG.
Medium	• For all study types: The model or method for calculating the risk estimates (e.g., odds ratios, SMRs, SIR)
(score = 2)	variables were included or excluded).
(	AND
L	1

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
	Model assumptions were met.
Low	• For all study types: The statistical model building process is not fully appropriate <b>OR</b> model assumptions w
(score = 3)	are not present (STROBE Checklist 12e [ ADDIN EN.CITE <endnote><cite><author>Von Elm</author>Year&gt;2008<recnum>111126</recnum><idtext>4263036</idtext><displaytext 2008)<="" displaytext=""><record><rec-number>111126</rec-number><foreign-keys><key app="EN" db-id="t2" timestamp="1521205718">111126</key></foreign-keys><ref-type name="Journal Article">17</ref-type>Elm, E.<author>Altman, D. G.</author><author>Egger, M.</author><author>Pocock, S. J.</author><author>Vandenbroucke, J. P.</author><titile>The Strengthen Studies in Epidemiology (STROBE) statement: guidelines for reporting observational studiesStudies in Epidemiology<alt-title>J Clin Epidemiol</alt-title><short-title>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology<abbr-1>J Clin EpidemiologyStudies in Epidemiologyfull-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiology<abbr-1>J Clin EpidemiologyStudies in Epidemiologyfull-title&gt;Journal of Clinical EpidemiologyStudies in Epidemiologyfull-title&gt;Journal of Clinical EpidemiologyStudies in Epidemiologyfull-title&gt;Journal of Clinical EpidemiologyStudiesfull-title&gt;Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</abbr-1></abbr-1></short-title></titile></record></displaytext></cite></endnote>
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Do not select for this metric.
Not rated/applicable	Enter 'NA' if the study did not use a statistical model.
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high
comments	elements such as relevance]
	Domain 6. Other (if applicable) Considerations for Biomarker Selection and Measurement
	f Biomarker of Exposure (detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	Biomarker in a specified matrix has accurate and precise quantitative relationship with external exposure, into AND
(score – 1)	Biomarker is derived from exposure to one parent chemical.
Medium	• Biomarker in a specified matrix has accurate and precise quantitative relationship with external exposure, into
(score = 2)	AND
T .	Biomarker is derived from multiple parent chemicals.
Low (score = 3)	• Evidence exists for a relationship between biomarker in a specified matrix and external exposure, internal dos
Unacceptable	<ul> <li>assessment of accuracy and precision or none was reported.</li> <li>Biomarker in a specified matrix is a poor surrogate (low accuracy, specificity, and precision) for exposure/documents.</li> </ul>
(score = 4)	- Diomarker in a specified matrix is a poor surrogate (tow accuracy, specificity, and precision) for exposure/do
Not	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if no biomarker of exposure was measured.
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high
comments	elements such as relevance]
<del> </del>	t biomarker (detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	Effect biomarker measured is an indicator of a key event in an AOP.
Medium	Biomarkers of effect shown to have a relationship to health outcomes using well validated methods, but the materials are shown to have a relationship to health outcomes using well validated methods, but the materials are shown to have a relationship to health outcomes using well validated methods, but the materials are shown to have a relationship to health outcomes using well validated methods.
(score = 2)	
Low (score = 3)	Biomarkers of effect shown to have a relationship to health outcomes, but the method is not well validated an
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Biomarker has undetermined consequences (e.g., biomarker is not specific to a health outcome).
Not rated/applicable	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if no biomarker of effect was measured.
Reviewer's	
aammanta	
comments	 od sensitivity (detection/measurement/information biases)

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
High (score = 1)	Do not select for this metric.
Medium (score = 2)	• Limits of detection are low enough to detect chemicals in a sufficient percentage of the samples to address the measuring biomarker are adequately reported. LOD/LOQ (value or %) are reported.
Low (score = 3)	Frequency of detection too low to address the research hypothesis.  OR
Unacceptable	LOD/LOQ (value or %) are not stated  • Do not select for this metric.
(score = 4) Not	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric.
rated/applicable	
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]
Metric 19. Biom	arker stability (detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	Samples with a known storage history and documented stability data or those using real-time measurements.
Medium (score = 2)	Samples have known losses during storage, but the difference between low and high exposures can be qualitated.
Low (score = 3)	Samples with either unknown storage history and/or no stability data for target analytes and high likelihood o consideration
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Do not select for this metric.
Not rated/applicable	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if no biomarkers were assessed.
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]
	ele contamination (detection/measurement/information biases)
High	• Samples are contamination-free from the time of collection to the time of measurement (e.g., by use of certifi
(score = 1)	reference materials, and appropriate use of blanks both in the field and lab).  AND
	• Documentation of the steps taken to provide the necessary assurance that the study data are reliable is include
Medium (score = 2)	• Samples are stated to be contamination-free from the time of collection to the time of measurement.  AND
	There is incomplete documentation of the steps taken to provide the necessary assurance that the study data a
Low (score = 3)	• Samples are known to have contamination issues, but steps have been taken to address and correct contamina <b>OR</b>
	• Samples are stated to be contamination-free from the time of collection to the time of measurement, but there taken to provide the necessary assurance that the study data are reliable.
Unacceptable (4)	There are known contamination issues and no documentation that the issues were addressed.
Not rated/applicable	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if no samples were collected.
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]
	od requirements (detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	<ul> <li>Instrumentation that provides unambiguous identification and quantitation of the biomarker at the required se LC-MS/MS).</li> </ul>
Medium (score = 2)	Instrumentation that allows for identification of the biomarker with a high degree of confidence and the requi
Low	<ul> <li>Instrumentation that only allows for possible quantification of the biomarker, but the method has known inter</li> </ul>

Confidence Level (Score)	Description
(score = 3)	
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Do not select for this metric.
Not rated/applicable	Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if biomarkers were not measured.
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]
Metric 22. Matri	ix adjustment (detection/measurement/information biases)
High (score = 1)	• If applicable for the biomarker under consideration, study provides results, either in the main publication or a unadjusted matrix concentrations (e.g., creatinine-adjusted or specific gravity-adjusted and non-adjusted urine for adjustment approach.
Medium (score = 2)	If applicable for the biomarker under consideration, study only provides results using one method (matrix-ad)
Low (score = 3)	If applicable for the biomarker under consideration, no established method for matrix adjustment was conduc
Unacceptable (score = 4)	Do not select for this metric.
Not rated/applicable	• Enter 'NA' and do not score the metric if not applicable for the biomarker or no biomarker was assessed.
Reviewer's comments	[Document concerns, uncertainties, limitations, and deficiencies and any additional comments that may high elements such as relevance]

## **Overall Judgement Guidance**

The confidence levels and corresponding scores at the metric level are defined as follows:

- **High:** No notable deficiencies or concerns are identified in the domain metric that are likely to influence results [score of 1].
- **Medium:** Minor uncertainties or limitations are noted in the domain metric that are unlikely to have a substantial impact on results [score of 2].
- Low: Deficiencies or concerns are noted in the domain metric that are likely to have a substantial impact on results [score of 3].
- Unacceptable: Serious flaws are noted in the domain metric that consequently make the data/information source unusable. [score of 4].
- Not rated/applicable: Rating of this metric is not applicable to the data/information source being evaluated [no score]. Not rated/applicable will also be used in cases in which studies cite a literature source for their test methodology instead of providing detailed descriptions. In these circumstances, the metric is scored as not rated/not applicable and the reason is captured in the evaluator's notes. If the data/information source is not classified as "unacceptable" in the initial review, the cited literature source will be reviewed during a subsequent evaluation step and the metric will be rated at that time.

## References

[ ADDIN EN.REFLIST ]